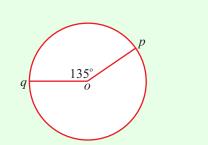
THGONOMETRY (Q 5, PAPER 2)

LESSON NO. 3: SECTOR OF A CIRCLE

2005

5 (a) A circle has centre *o* and radius 14 cm. *p* and *q* are two points on the circle and $|\angle qop| = 135^{\circ}$. Find the length of the shorter arc *pq*. Take $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$.



2004

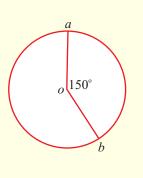
- 5 (b) A circle has centre *o* and radius 4 cm. *a* and *b* are two points on the circle and
 - $|\angle aob| = 150^{\circ}$.
 - (i) Find the area of the circle, correct to the nearest cm².
 - (ii) Find the area of the sector aob, correct to the nearest cm².
 - (iii) Find the length of the shorter arc *ab*, correct to the nearest cm.

2003

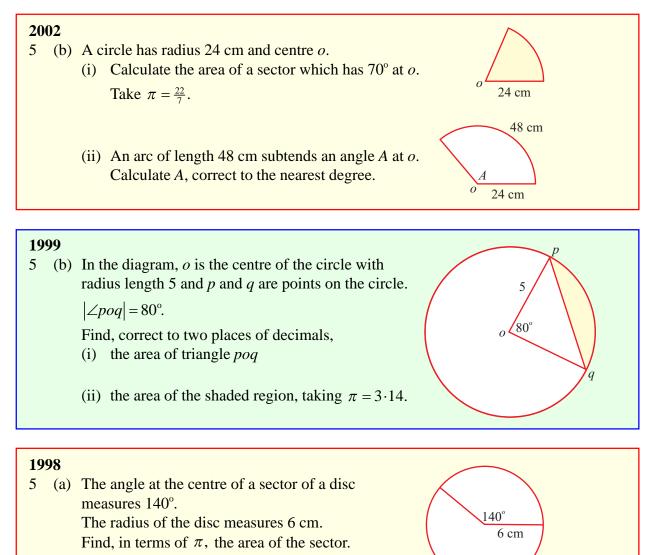
5 (b) A circle has centre *o* and radius 7 cm. The two points *b* and *c* are on the

circle and $|\angle boc| = 140^{\circ}$.

- (i) Find the area of the triangle *obc*, correct to the nearest cm².
- (ii) Find the area of the sector obc, correct to the nearest cm².
- (iii) Taking the areas correct to the nearest cm², express the area of the shaded region as a fraction of the total area enclosed by the circle. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form.



 140°



1996

5 (a) Find the length of an arc of a circle of radius length 6 cm subtending an angle of 120° at the centre. Give your answer in terms of π .

Answers				
2005	5	(a) 33 cm		
2004	5	(b) (i) 50 cm ²	(ii) 21 cm ²	(iii) 10 cm
2003	5	(b) (i) 16 cm ²	(ii) 60 cm ²	(iii) $\frac{2}{7}$
2002	5	(b) (i) 352 cm ²	(ii) 115°	
1999	5	(b) (i) 12.31 units^2	(ii) $5 \cdot 13$ units ²	
1998	5	(a) $14\pi \text{ cm}^2$		
1996	5	(a) 4 <i>π</i>		