SEQUENCES & SERIES (Q 5, PAPER 1)

LESSON No. 6: Proving a Sequence is Arithmetic

2006

5 (c) The first three terms of an arithmetic sequence are

h+3, 5h-2, 6h-13

where h is a real number.

- (i) Find the value of h.
- (ii) Hence, write down the value of each of the first three terms.
- (iii) Find the value of the eleventh term.

1999

5 (c) The *n*th term of a series is given by

 $T_n = 4n + 1$.

- (i) Write down, in terms of n, an expression for T_{n-1} , the (n-1)st. term.
- (ii) Show that the series is arithmetic.
- (iii) Find S_{20} , the sum of the first 20 terms of the series.

ANSWERS

2006 5 (c) (i) h = -2

(ii) 1, -12, -25 (iii) $T_{11} = -129$

1999 5 (c) (i) $T_{n-1} = 4n - 3$

(iii) 860