

ARITHMETIC (Q 1, PAPER 1)

LESSON NO. 2: RATIO & PROPORTION

2007

1 (a) Convert 164 miles to kilometres, taking 5 miles to be equal to 8 kilometres.

SOLUTION

If one quantity is **DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL** to another, then if you multiply or divide one quantity by a number you must do the same to the other quantity.

Convert 164 miles to kilometres, taking 5 miles to be equal to 8 kilometres.

$$5 \text{ miles} = 8 \text{ km}$$

$$1 \text{ mile} = \frac{8}{5} \text{ km}$$

$$164 \text{ miles} = \frac{8}{5} \times 164 = 262.4 \text{ km}$$

2006

1 (a) €320 is $\frac{4}{9}$ of a prize fund. Find the total prize fund.

SOLUTION

If one quantity is **DIRECTLY PROPORTIONAL** to another, then if you multiply or divide one quantity by a number you must do the same to the other quantity.

€320 is $\frac{4}{9}$ of a prize fund. Find the total prize fund.

$$\frac{4}{9} \text{ of prize} = €320$$

$$\frac{1}{9} \text{ of prize} = \frac{€320}{4} = €80$$

$$\frac{9}{9} \text{ of prize} = €80 \times 9 = €720$$

2005

1 (b) (ii) Express the ratio $\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{3} : \frac{1}{4}$ as a ratio of natural numbers.

Divide 325 in the ratio $\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{3} : \frac{1}{4}$.

SOLUTION

Multiply each fraction by the lowest common denominator which is 12.

$$\therefore \frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{3} : \frac{1}{4} = 6 : 4 : 3$$

Add the three numbers: $6 + 4 + 3 = 13$

$$\text{First number: } \frac{6}{13} \times 325 = 150$$

$$\text{Second number: } \frac{4}{13} \times 325 = 100$$

$$\text{Third number: } \frac{3}{13} \times 325 = 75$$

2002

- 1 (a) Copper and zinc are mixed in the ratio 19 : 6.
The amount of copper used is 133 kg.
How many kilogrammes of zinc are used?

SOLUTION

Copper and zinc are mixed in the ratio 19 : 6.

$$19 + 6 = 25.$$

$\frac{19}{25}$ of the mixture is copper and $\frac{6}{25}$ is zinc.

$$\frac{19}{25} \text{ of mixture} = 133 \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{1}{25} \text{ of mixture} = \frac{133}{19} \text{ kg}$$

$$\frac{6}{25} \text{ of mixture} = \frac{133}{19} \times 6 = 42 \text{ kg}$$

1999

- 1 (a) IR£40 is divided between two pupils in the ratio 7:3. How much does each pupil get?

SOLUTION

$$7 + 3 = 10$$

$$\text{First pupil: } \frac{7}{10} \times 40 = \text{£}28$$

$$\text{Second pupil: } \frac{3}{10} \times 40 = \text{£}12$$

1998

- 1 (a) When a cyclist had travelled a distance of 12.6 km he had completed $\frac{3}{7}$ of his journey. What was the length of the journey?

- (b) (ii) Divide 357 grammes in the ratio $\frac{1}{2} : \frac{1}{4} : 1$.

SOLUTION

1 (a)

$$\frac{3}{7} = 12.6 \text{ km}$$

$$\frac{1}{7} = \frac{12.6}{3} = 4.2 \text{ km}$$

$$\frac{7}{7} = 4.2 \times 7 = 29.4 \text{ km}$$

1 (b) (ii)

Multiply across by 4: Ratio 2 : 1 : 4

$$2 + 1 + 4 = 7$$

$$\text{First part: } \frac{2}{7} \times 357 = 102 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Second part: } \frac{1}{7} \times 357 = 51 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Third part: } \frac{4}{7} \times 357 = 204 \text{ g}$$

1997

- 1 (c) (i) The length and breadth of a rectangle are in the ratio 9:5, respectively.
The length of the rectangle is 22.5 cm. Find its breadth.

SOLUTION

Ratio 9:5.

$$9 + 5 = 14$$

$$\text{Length: } \frac{9}{14} = 22.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1}{14} = \frac{22.5}{9} \text{ cm}$$

$$\text{Breadth: } \frac{5}{14} = \frac{22.5}{9} \times 5 \text{ cm} = 12.5 \text{ cm}$$