

**LC 2013 (SET D): PAPER 1****QUESTION 9 (50 MARKS)****Question 9 (a)**Production cost:  $x = 20$ 

$$C(x) = 5x^2 + 750x + 3000$$

$$C(20) = 5(20)^2 + 750(20) + 3000 = \text{€}20\,000$$

Total income:  $R(x) = 1200x$ 

$$R(20) = 1200(20) = \text{€}24\,000$$

**Question 9 (b)**Profit:  $R(20) - C(20) = \text{€}24\,000 - \text{€}20\,000 = \text{€}4000$ **MARKING SCHEME NOTES****Question 9 (a) [Scale 15C (0, 5, 10, 15)]**

- 5:** • Some correct substitution into either function  
**10:** • Substantially correct substitution and calculation

**Question 9 (b) [Scale 10B (0, 5, 10)]****NOTE:** Accept candidate's work from previous section

- 5:** • Any correct relevant step

**Question 9 (c)**

Call the profit function,  $P(x)$ . Subtract the cost function  $C(x)$  from the revenue function  $R(x)$  to find the profit function  $P(x)$ .

$$P(x) = R(x) - C(x)$$

$$= 1200x - (5x^2 + 750x + 3000) \leftarrow \text{Multiply out brackets.}$$

$$= 1200x - 5x^2 - 750x - 3000 \leftarrow \text{Add like terms.}$$

$$= -5x^2 + 450x - 3000$$

**MARKING SCHEME NOTES****Question 9 (c) [Scale 5B (0, 2, 5)]**

- 2:** • Relevant work such as writing  $R(x) - C(x)$   
 • Mishandles subtraction

**Question 9 (d)**

Find the derivative of  $P(x)$ . Put the derivative equal to zero and solve for  $x$ . This value of  $x$  yields the maximum profit.

$$P(x) = -5x^2 + 450x - 3000$$

$$P'(x) = -10x + 450$$

$$P'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow -10x + 450 = 0$$

$$450 = 10x$$

$$\therefore x = 45$$

**FORMULAE AND TABLES BOOK**  
**Calculus: Derivatives [page 25]**

$$y = x^n \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = nx^{n-1}$$

**MARKING SCHEME NOTES**

**Question 9 (d) [Scale 5C (0, 2, 4, 5)]**

- 2:** • Relevant trial and improvement work  
• Differentiation with error(s) and stops
- 4:** • Correct differentiation without further work  
• Substantially correct differentiation with attempt to solve  $P'(x)$ .

**Question 9 (e)**

$$P(x) = -5x^2 + 450x - 3000$$

$$x = 45:$$

$$P(45) = -5(45)^2 + 450(45) - 3000$$

$$= \text{€}7125$$

**Question 9 (f)**

$$C(x) = 5x^2 + 750x + 3000 = 11\,000$$

$$5x^2 + 750x - 8000 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 150x - 1600 = 0$$

$$(x - 10)(x + 160) = 0$$

$$\therefore x = 10$$

**MARKING SCHEME NOTES**

**Question 9 (e) [Scale 5B (0, 2, 5)]**

**NOTE:** Accept candidate's answer from previous section

- 2:** • Attempts to calculate  $P(45)$   
• Trial and improvement work, different from part (d)

**Question 9 (f) [Scale 10D (0, 2, 5, 8, 10)]**

- 2:** • Recognises  $C(x) = 11\,000$   
• Substitutes a value for  $x$  into  $C(x)$
- 5:** • Substantially correct approach to solving quadratic equation  
• Correct answer without any work
- 8:** • Solves equation but fails to identify correct answer  
• Substitutes  $x = 10$  into  $C(x)$  but fails to show answer is €11 000